



(Second) Battle of Mackinac Island

August 4th, 1814

For background on the battle, try this link:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Battle_of_Mackinac_Island

United States Forces

Colonel George Croghan, US Rifles (rated 2)

- 17th U.S. Infantry (6 + 2 regular infantry)
- 19th U.S. Infantry (6 + 2 regular infantry)
- 24th U.S. Infantry (16 + 2 regular infantry)
- Ohio Volunteers (8 + 2 militia infantry)
- US Foot Artillery w/ light cannon (4 + 2 regular artillery)
- U.S. Marines (6 + 2 regular infantry)

British Forces

Lieutenant Colonel Robert McDouall, Glengarry

Light Infantry Fencibles (rated 2)

- 10th Royal Veteran Battalion (6 + 2 regular infantry)
- Royal Newfoundland Fencible Infantry (10 + 2 regular infantry)
- Michigan Fencibles (6 + 2 militia infantry)
- Militia (6 + 2 militia infantry)
- Foot Artillery (4 + 2 regular artillery w/ light cannon)
- Indians (8 + 2 warband)
- Indians (10 + 2 warband)

Special Rules

- The battle was fought in a large clearing amid a forest. The Americans invaded the island, while the British came out of their fort to fight, rather than compromise the fort. Farm fences and land ridges can be scattered across the field. A farm stands in the middle of the field. The opposing

armies arrive at opposite ends of the length of the table and make use of the terrain as best they can.

- Red markings on the map are modern features and should be ignored.
- The "Woodland Indians" rule (ATKM 2nd ed, p. 25) applies to the bands allied with the British
- Indian allies of the British can be set up as far as a foot ahead of British position

